Central Baltic

## Smart and Safe Traffic Management

2022



LW 2

Statistics of traffic safety

Traffic safety policies and priorities in different countries

...........



### STATISTICS

What information and for what we need?

✓ What are the adequate and reliable sources of information ?



## STATISTICS OF TRAFFIC SAFETY

 What information is related to the traffic environment and what is not?

Reliable sources of information about traffic statistics

Randomness in traffic statistics

/,Anomalies" and ,,traps" in traffic statistics



### **STATISTICS OF TRAFFIC SAFETY**

We can:
do science
just summarize the traffic situation
just confirm the facts

What is the difference?



### **STATISTICS OF TRAFFIC SAFETY**

### ✓ Traffic forecasts:

✓ how and for what purpose?

how realistic it is in a rapidly changing world?



### **EXAMPLE - ESTONIA**

 Four times a year the Transport Administration prepare an overview:

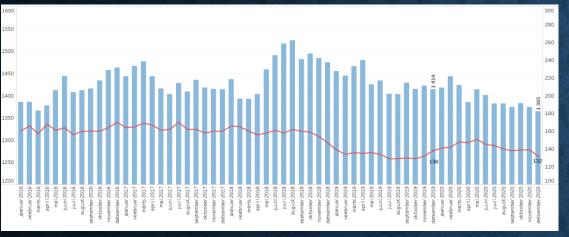
- ✓ traffic frequency
- $\checkmark$  traffic accidents
- $\checkmark$  killed and injured road users (separately by species)
- ✓ speeding
- ✓ use of security equipment
- $\checkmark$  drunk drivers

✓ traffic control (by police) - violations and procedures

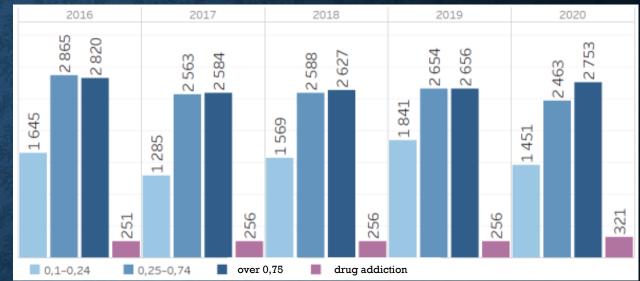


### **EXAMPLE - ESTONIA**

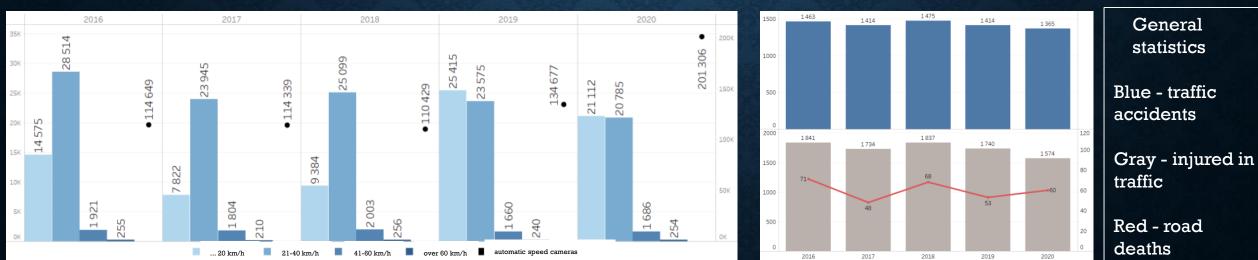
### Road accidents in the last 12 months



#### Drunk drivers



### Speeding





### **EXAMPLE - ESTONIA**

# What to do with this information - are we just fixing facts or ...?



### **CAUSES OF ROAD ACCIDENTS**

Statistics of road accidents is based on events:
what are the main factors in road accidents?
how these factors relate to each other?
what and how can be changed?



### **TRAFIC SAFETY PRIORITIES**

- ✓ The road traffic system of the future:
  - must eliminate as much as possible the possibility of human mistakes
  - ✓ must reduce the damage caused by road accidents



## **TRAFIC SAFETY PRIORITIES**

✓ Each country has / should have its own road safety program:

- $\checkmark$  closer goals
- ✓ long-term goals
  - ✓ financing
  - $\checkmark$  who is responsible and for what
  - ✓ deadlines
  - ✓

 $\checkmark$  The same applies to each local municipality



### **TRAFIC SAFETY PRIORITIES**

Conflict between the public interest and the interests of politicians – is it possible?
 ✓ if so, how to solve this problem?



## SITUATION IN THE COUNTRY

- ✓ SWOT analysis:
  - ✓ strengths
  - ✓ weaknesses
  - $\checkmark$  opportunities
  - $\checkmark$  threats

Can be compiled for both the state and local government

✓ The results must be reflected in road safety strategies!



### THE PRINCIPLE OF SHARED RESPONSIBILITY

Regardless of country, culture, etc.:
 road safety is the responsibility of every party who makes decisions - from road users to parliament

road safety is the responsibility of its creator as well as the user

✓ zero tolerance for our own mistakes!



### HOW CAN WE IMPROVE ROAD SAFETY?

- ✓ Implement Vision Zero principles
- ✓ Invest in intelligent infrastructure
- ✓ Increase the safety of less protected road users
- Implement traffic calming measures
- Contribute to people's traffic awareness



# Traffic is very complicated and complex system, there are no easy solutions! \*

\* whoever doubts that is probably wrong

### **USEFUL LINKS**

- <u>https://www.idrivesafely.com/defensive-driving/trending/most-common-car-accident-fatalities</u>
- <u>https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/road-traffic-injuries</u>
- <u>https://ec.europa.eu/transport/road\_safety/statistics-and-analysis/data-and-analysis/facts-and-figures\_en</u>
- <u>https://etsc.eu/tag/eu-road-safety-targets/</u>
- <u>https://etsc.eu/road-safety-priorities-for-the-eu-briefing-to-members-of-the-european-parliament/</u>
- <u>https://www.intertraffic.com/news/three-ways-to-improve-road-safety</u>
- <u>https://ddi.michelin.com/en/mobility-technologies/road-safety-strategy/</u>



## Thank you for your attention!